

Across the term, sketch books are used to develop and explore ideas, collect visual information, study, practise and take inspiration from different artists that inspire their own pieces.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Painting	Use several brush techniques using		A study of the Italian artist Guiseppe
Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes	thick and thin brushes to create patterns,		Archimboldo's portraits of people using
to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines.	shapes and lines to produce cave art		fruits and vegetables. Children to paint
Mix colours effectively.	paintings. The children will need to mix their		own versions of his work. A study of the
Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then	own colours. Children to paint their cave painting designs on pebbles or pieces of slate.		African artist Martin Bulinya on the
add detail.			
Experiment with creating mood with colour.			
Collage			Create a collaged background for still life fruit drawing to be displayed onto.
Select and arrange materials for a striking effect.			
Ensure work is precise.			
Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage.			
Sculpture	To create clay cave art slabs using knowledge from their history topic.	DT link: Textiles – From 2D to 3D products.	
Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g.			
shapes made from nets or solid materials).			
• Include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement.			
Use clay and other mouldable materials.Add materials to provide interesting detail.			
Drawing		Children to create still life drawings of	Still life drawings of fruits and vegetables
Use different hardness of pencils to show line, tone and texture.Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas.		plants using shading, hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture.	using shading to show light, shadow, tone and texture. These will be used to inform
Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes).			their Archimboldo paintings.
Use shading to show light and shadow.			
Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture.			
Printing		Make printing blocks using a block and	
Use layers of two or more colours.		coiled string to create precise, repeating	
Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments.		leaf patterns on fabric.	
Make printing blocks (e.g. from coiled string glued to a block).			
Make precise repeating patterns.			

Textiles	Using the printed fabric created, the	
Shape and stitch materials.	children will decorate using stitches to add	
Use basic cross stitch and back stitch.	detail and embellishments.	
Colour fabric.		
Create weavings.	DT link: Textiles – From 2D to 3D products	
Quilt, pad and gather fabric.		
Digital media		Create a poster promoting healthy eating
a Create images video and sound recordings and evaluin why they		using the children's final piece art work
Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they		
were created.		



Across the term, sketch books are used to develop and explore ideas, collect visual information, study, practise and take inspiration from different artists that inspire their own pieces.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Painting		A study of the expressionist artists, Jackson	
Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes		Pollock and Wassily Kandinsky and their	
to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines.		works. Learn about their style and their	
Mix colours effectively.		influence on art. Children experiment with	
Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then		colours and shapes to recreate paintings	
add detail.		based on their style.	
Experiment with creating mood with colour.			
Collage		Using the influence of Pollock and Kandinsky,	
 Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. 		create a collage by selecting and arranging	
Ensure work is precise.		materials to create the expressionist effect.	
 Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. 			
Sculpture	Using clay, the children will create		
Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g.	Ancient Mayan masks and then paint		
shapes made from nets or solid materials).	them – these will be based on the sketch		
• Include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement.	designs and oil pastel drawings made.		
Use clay and other mouldable materials. Add materials to provide interesting detail.			
Add materials to provide interesting detail.			
Drawing	A study of Ancient Mayan masks looking		Drawings in oil pastel of Ancient Greek pottery
• Use different hardness of pencils to show line, tone and texture.	at pattern and features. Creating		focusing on symmetrical shapes of the vases

 Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes). Use shading to show light and shadow. Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture. 	sketches of designs. Creating oil pastel Ancient Mayan masks based on the sketch designs.		and jugs as well as the repeated patterns and the images portrayed.
 Printing Use layers of two or more colours. Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. Make printing blocks (e.g. from coiled string glued to a block). Make precise repeating patterns. 			Add print onto pottery designs, replicating greek patterns and images.
 Textiles Shape and stitch materials. Use basic cross stitch and back stitch. Colour fabric. Create weavings. Quilt, pad and gather fabric. 			Add embellishments and beading onto childrens pottery jug designs
Digital media Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they were created.		Create a digital media propaganda poster from WW2 which promotes the wartime efforts.	